Fundamental techniques of the Sport Ju-jutsu system

The fundamental techniques of the Sport Ju-jutsu system are all techniques that have been proven effective for scoring in Ju-jitsu Fighting competition. Together they form a foundation from which the practitioners can elaborate and develop their ju-jitsu skills. The system is based upon the competitive sport and to assist the practitioners in developing their best game, they themselves are free to choose the preferred variation of each technique. The focus should be on applying the techniques in a way realistic for sparring, i.e. through specific scenarios. The fundamental techniques are to be demonstrated on technical gradings and the practitioner should be able to do the techniques on both the left and the right side.

Part 1 – Tski-waza & keri-waza Punches & kicks

Tski-waza (punches)

- Gyaku tski *
- Kizame tski *
- Uraken tski *
- Haito *

Keri-waza (kicks)

- Mawashi geri *
- Mae geri *
- Yoko geri
- Ura mawashi geri
- Ushiro geri

Part 2 – Nage-waza Throws & takedowns

Nage waza (throws / takedowns)

- O goshi *
- Seoi Nage *
- O soto gari *
- Harai goshi *
- O uchi gari *
- Ko uchi gari *
- Koshi guruma
- Kata guruma
- Te guruma
- Sumi gaeshi *
- Tani otoshi *
- Sasae tsuri komi ashi *
- Uchi mata
- Tomoe nage
- Morote gari (double leg) *
- Kuchiki taoshi (single leg)
- Ashi barai
- Ura nage

Part 3 – Ne-waza Ground techniques

Osaekomi-waza (pins)

- Kesa-gatame *
- Yoko shiho gatame *
- Tate-shiho-gatame *
- Kata-gatame
- Ura tate shiho gatame *
- Kami-shiho-gatame

Shime-waza (strangulations)

- Juji-jime
- Hadaka-jime
- Okuri-eri-jime
- Sankaku-jime

Kansetsu-waza (joint locks)

- Ude-garami (kimura / americana)
- Juji-gatame (armbar)
- Ashi-hishigi
- Hiza-juji-gatame

^{*} Fundamental techniques included in the grading syllabus for the green belt (3 Kyu)

Grading system overview

I C V V				
4 Kyu	3 Kyu	2 Kyu	1 Kyu	1 Dan
Recommended minimum training volume since previous promotion				
O .				3-4 semesters of training, 2-3 times a week
d technique and can	required for the green belt.	 Has own favorite combinations and counters in Part 1 and Part 2. Can perform throws in four directions as well as throw combinations from one (and the same) optional grip Can escape pins and perform 	• Can perform all fundamental techniques of the Sport Ju-jutsu system	 A technical grading is always performed for the Head grading committee. See the belt-specific syllabus Can perform all fundamental techniques in the Sport Ju-jutsu system with high quality and good confidence
ontrol and precision o	 Has a few favorite techniques or favorite combinations in each part Can perform transitions from Part 1 to Part 2 by taking control immediately after gripping, and then starting to 		 Uses good footwork to set up techniques and to keep the fight in the desired part Has own favorite techniques, combinations and counters in Part 1, 2 and 3, respectively 	
oine punches and tion				
Can perform throws and throwing combinations in motion Can make transitions between different positions (and submissions) as well as escape a few common pins in Part 3.				Has high-level kime in tackniques, combinations, and
			• Manages grip fighting in Part 2 and shows a good understanding of the fight for dominant grips; can create throw opportunities or transition to Part 1	
	direction using throws well			
F				
		 Can adjust the level (tempo changes/intensity/power) in 	• Shows good understanding of tactics and selection of sparring techniques based on their own and opponents strengths and weaknesses	
5	sparring based on the purpose of the exercise and current			
the state of the s	of training, week 2 breakfalls with inique and can all types of throws techniques with ontrol and precision one punches and tion orm throws and ombinations in transitions are transitions as well as we common pins in	Recommended minimum training of training, week 2 semesters of training, 2-3 times a week • A technical grading is always required for the green belt. See the belt-specific syllabus. • Has a few favorite techniques or favorite combinations in each part • Can perform transitions from Part 1 to Part 2 by taking control immediately after gripping, and then starting to create throwing opportunities. • Applies the principle of breaking balance and throwing direction using throws well adapted to the opponent's balance and positioning • Can perform transitions from Part 2 to Part 3 by securing a good position after own throwing technique.	Performs punches and kicks more automated and with good movement, kime, and retraction. The horizon and precision of trainitions in the punches and tion are throws and combinations in the principle of the gripping, and then starting to create throwing direction using throws sissions) as well as w common pins in the procession of the performance of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the principle of the same) optional grip that the principle of the principle of the principle of the principle of the same) optional grip that the principle of the principle of the principle of the same) optional grip that the principle of the pr	

^{*} Kime - Sudden muscle tension at just the right moment in the execution of a technique; gives the technique distinctiveness.